

NEWS ITEMS FROM KINSELLA

Mr. J. F. Murray spent Tuesday in Edmonton.

W. L. Ferris, local merchant, has sold his business to Mr. F. Williams, who will take over the store May 26.

Mrs. J. McKie and Malcolm returned Tuesday night from Nanaimo, B.C., where she has been since January with her husband, Pte. J. McKie of the S.A.R. stationed at that point.

Mrs. Wm. McKie spent last week-end visiting friends in Edmonton.

Pte. W. Long, Pte. R. Long, Pte. J. McKie and Pte. A. Miller are expected in town Friday and Saturday en route from Nanaimo to the east.

Pupils from the public and high school rooms are preparing to attend the musical festival being held in Viking on May 16th.

Mrs. Wm. Maggs, and Mr. Wm. Greenwood are patients in the Viking hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Huse and Peter of Gadagay were visiting relatives in town on Sunday.

Put small cooked hamburger cakes between two hot biscuit halves and top them with a brown savory gravy or well seasoned white sauce. You'll like these.

To All Home Builders

We have just received a car of coast fir. This includes fir dimension from 2 x 4 to 8 x 8, also three grades of shingles at three different prices. We have new doors, new veneer, new mouldings, fir finish, casing and base. Our stock of stucco wire and stucco base is complete. Meet the new tax with a smile. When you buy building material you are helping your government to meet the huge war costs. Get our prices, we will not fail you.

Imperial Lumber Company, Ltd.

H. L. BLACK, Agent

Eyes Thoroughly, Scientifically Examined Carmen W. Dawdy, R. O. REGISTERED OPTOMETRIST

Will be at:
VIKING HOTEL—Mon., May 19, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
IRMA Drug Store—Sat., May 17, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
KINSELLA HOTEL—Mon., May 19, 2 to 6 p.m.
**GLASSES IF YOU NEED THEM
GOOD ADVICE IF YOU DON'T**

Full line of Spruce lumber, both rough and planed.
Special price on truck-loads of Spruce
Windows, doors, screen doors, shingles and all
builders' supplies. Martin-Senour paint & varnish.

Irma Lumber Co. C. L. FEERO, Mgr. Phone 24

TRAILER FOR SALE—Good 4-wheel trailer with
stock rack, new tires. Cheap

SHOP and Save at FOXWELL'S

For Week of May 16 to 22

BROODERS FEAS seive 5, 2 tins	25c	COFFEE Fresh roasted, lb.....	35c
JOHNSON'S WAX liquid or paste, 1 lb tin	65c	SHREDDED WHEAT 2 pkgs.	23c
ROYAL CROWN CLEANSER Handy to have, 3 for	25c	PRAIRIE WHEAT PUFFS bushel bag	29c
WATER GLASS tin 20c and 2 tins	25c	SPINACH 2 tins for	29c
SALAD DRESSING Miracle Whip, 92 oz.	49c	TOILET TISSUE 7 rolls for	25c

WE KEEP FRESH SUPPLIES OF FRUITS and
VEGETABLES AT ALL TIMES

Fresh and Cured Meats at Reasonable Prices
Ready-to-eat Picnics, 5 lbs., at per lb.**30c**

WE SHIP HOGS EVERY TUESDAY

A.T.A. Meets at Irma

On May 10th, the teachers of the Wainwright local A.T.A. held their annual spring rally at Irma. The roads being in good condition and teachers loyal to their profession and their pupils a large percentage was present. President J. A. Smith; general secretary J. W. Barnett, and district representative A. A. Aldridge were also in attendance.

The business of the meeting consisted chiefly of discussion of and arrangements for the annual track and games meet to be held at Wainwright on May 30th. Truly, the teachers have their pupils' interests at heart as is evidenced by the fact that they gave their time and paid their own expenses so that the children might have the educational benefits of a sports day.

Another important matter under consideration was teachers' salaries. In this connection it was felt that an increase in salaries is necessary in order to hold sufficient teachers the profession to man the schools this coming September. The present low salaries, with the rising cost of living, is driving many of our best teachers from the profession.

Under the efficient leadership of Mrs. O. P. Larson, the C.G.I.T. provided a delicious lunch which was greatly enjoyed by the teachers. Hats off to the Irma C.G.I.T.

Norwegians Put Up Gallant Battle Against Nazi Hordes Says Hambro

HAMBRO TELLS OF
STRUGGLES AGAINST NAZI

Norwegian Parliamentary Leader
Relates Story of Invasion

Declaring that with Norwegians in all parts of the world there is a burning faith "the soul is victor still" in the titanic struggle against Nazi oppression, Hon. Dr. C. J. Hambro, president of the Norwegian parliament and of the League of Nations assembly, brought storm after storm of applause from an audience of 1500 at Janned McDougall United Church, Edmonton, on Wednesday night.

With oratorical eloquence and delightful humor of a simple, homely kind, the distinguished speaker held his audience tense with a dynamic description of happenings in Norway immediately following the unwarranted and unheralded onslaught by Hitler's armed forces on the morning of April 9, 1940.

It cost Germany one-third of her navy and from 65,000 to 90,000 men killed in the campaign and even then it seems very unlikely that Norway could have been conquered had not the collapse of Belgium and France necessitated the withdrawal of the Allied expeditionary force of 27,000 from the north of the country early in June.

Fighting Spirit

When it was decided to move the royal family and government to England, the entire navy and air force, along with all soldiers still in action in the north, for whom there was shipping available, were taken to England. The remainder of the army was demobilized and their way to allied countries to renew the struggle.

He told of the Norwegian airmen, now taking instruction at Moose Jaw and Toronto, who have travelled more than half way around the world to join the allied fighting forces.

In countless ways the Norwegians are offering passive but effective resistance to the establishment of Hitler's "new order" in Norway. Farmers refuse to co-operate with German trade and currency schemes, and city residents did their part by circulating forbidden newspapers.

The speaker expressed utter confidence in final victory.

HOSPITAL BOARD ARRANGES ANNUAL MEETING FOR JUNE 14

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Wainwright Municipal Hospital District No. 17 was held at the hospital May 10th, 1941. Members present were: Chairman J. D. Collette, and Trustees C. Bleasdale, D. Gardner, and O. J. Gould.

Moved by Trustee Bleasdale that the minutes of the last regular meeting be adopted. —Carried.

A report from the Fire Chief, H. Renville, regarding inspection of fire equipment and Staff fire drill was presented and on motion of Trustee Gardner, report be accepted and recommendations suggested be attended to. —Carried.

Moved by Trustee Bleasdale—that letter received from Mr. W. A. Shoultz, Supervisor of Municipal Hospitals, regarding forming of Ladies' Hospital Aid, be ordered filed. —Carried.

Moved by Trustee Gardner—that Secretary write to Mr. R. English of Edmonton re. auditing the books for 1941 and quote fee usually paid and also enclose last year's balance sheet for his information. —Carried.

Moved by Trustee Gould—that Secretary write Mr. D. B. Menzies, Provincial Sanitary Engineer, requesting him to inspect the sewerage field at an early date. —Carried.

Moved by Trustee Gould—that the offer from Gilt Edge Municipality re. accounts of Hogstrum, Gillings, Flamm and McWhirter be accepted. —Carried.

Matron's report for month of April was as follows:

Patients admitted, 89; Patients discharged, 46. Classification of patients admitted: Medical, 34; Surgical, 5; Obstetrical, 7; Infants born, 7. Clinicals, 7. Total hospital days, 425.

Moved by Trustee Gould—that the Matron's report be accepted. —Carried.

The Matron reported that the Wainwright Celebration Hospital Trust Committee had presented to the hospital, a pair of plaster cutters. This gift was greatly appreciated by the Board and on motion of Trustee Gardner, a letter of appreciation and thanks is to be forwarded to the Committee. —Carried.

Moved by Trustee Gould—that the secretary purchase 1000 "collection notices". —Carried.

Moved by Trustee Bleasdale—that accounts amounting to \$1,651.25 be accepted and cheques issued. —Carried.

Moved by Trustee Bleasdale—that the finance Committee's Report be accepted, the Ledger and Bank Book having been examined and found correct. —Carried.

Moved by Trustee Gould—that the next Board meeting be held on June 14, 1941, at 10:00 a.m. —Carried.

Moved by Trustee Gardner—that the meeting adjourn.

Village Passes Store Hours By-Law

VILLAGE OF IRMA
BY-LAW No. 81

A By-law of the Village of
Irma providing for closing
hours for shops.

The council of the Village of Irma enacted as follows:

1. That all shops as defined in Section 156, sub-section 6, Town and Village Act, 1934, in the Village of Irma shall close at 12 o'clock noon each and every Wednesday from December 25th to August 15th inclusive.

2. At 6 o'clock p.m. on all business days, except Wednesdays during the half-holiday period and Saturdays;

3. At 6 o'clock p.m. on all Saturdays (from December 25th to April 15th inclusive);

4. At 11:30 p.m. on all Saturdays from April 15th to December 25th.

5. Shops shall be closed all day on Sundays and statutory holidays.

6. Any person or persons found guilty of a breach of this by-law shall, upon summary conviction before a Justice of the Peace or other officer having jurisdiction, be liable to the penalties imposed by the by-law providing for the enforcement of the by-laws of the Village of Irma. Done and passed in council assembled at the Village of Irma in the Province of Alberta this 14th day of May, A.D. 1941.

A. E. Foxwell

Mayor.

E. W. Carter,

Sec. Treas.

9-28-6

PUBLIC NOTICE

Residents of the Village of Irma please take notice that you are required to have your yards cleaned up not later than May 24th, 1941.

By order of the Village Council.

STRAWBERRY PLAINS

Heard and seen—the pupils of Strawberry Plains school collecting quite a large sum at the bazaar for the Red Cross; the crowd going home early that night; Ethel Tate bound for Irma last Friday; Nora going south on a certain Nile; Art M. speeding down the road with a new one; Miss Clark out driving on Sunday; a certain ship stuck in the coulee with two blonde dames waiting for a lift; a group of ladies homeward bound Saturday afternoon and the puddle jumper jumping the dried up ditches.

Miss Irene Benfield of Hardisty has spent the last two weeks visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Voros.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Reber were Sunday visitors at the G. Stewart home. A very large crowd attended the Red Cross tea at Mrs. Horn's on April 29th.

Mrs. J. Pon and family will leave shortly for a visit at the coast.

Mrs. James Voros and Miss Benfield were Irma visitors on Sunday.

Miss Betty McLean spent the week-end visiting at the home of her sisters.

Soldier Writes From England

The following is a copy of a letter from Pte. R. E. Thorsen of Kinsella and well known in both Irma and Viking, to his aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Jones, of Irma.

England, April 18, '41.

Dear All: Received your most welcome letter some time ago. Sorry that I did not get it answered sooner but you know how time flies. I wrote a short note to thank you for the cigarettes for my birthday, but God only knows whether it reached you or not. There has been some mail sunk en route to Canada, so we never know whether our letters reach home or not. I hope this letter finds you all in good health, and as prosperous as these times permit.

A soldier . . . It is almost impossible for a civilian to get cigarettes, and when they do get them they are the most inferior kind, and they can only get five at a time. The Canadians get a great help from the folks at home by sending them over.

Oh, yes. About the Red Cross. Part of the Red Cross goods goes into the hospitals, a great deal more goes to the bombed and homeless folks. Myself, and what I can gather from other sources, say that the Red Cross is doing a wonderful piece of work. As for the thought that it is not wanted over here, that is absurd. I personally talked with one of the heads of the Red Cross over here a short time ago. It so happens that she is an old acquaintance of mine.

She says that they really need donations of clothing and wooden goods in the worst way. We, the troops, get a good supply of socks, scarves, gloves, etc., all donated by the Red Cross. If think they are the best help serving overseas. Don't believe them when they tell you that they aren't wanted. If they were over here, and could see the actual need of things, and also the good the Red Cross is doing, they sure would change their minds.

You also asked me what a fellow needs as to eats, in a parcel. I'll give you an idea as to what is the most popular over here. I believe that coffee (real) and butter are the most sought for things. Sugar is another item which is seldom seen. Any type of chocolate or candy is also a real treat. Cake and cookies. Well there is always a general rush when someone gets a parcel to get a piece. Any canned meat is a great treat, such as sausages, meat balls, paste, etc. This of course is my opinion.

Notice to Dairymen

Please note that I am again handling the
RENFREW CREAM SEPARATOR
Priced from \$38.00 up. However, I am not handling this line through the Renfrew Machinery Company, and when I sell a Renfrew separator that same company will have nothing to do with collections or otherwise. There is no separator on the market today that will give as many years of service with as little expense as a Renfrew. That is the reason I am again selling them. Buy where you can get service as you always have from me.

V. Hutchinson Phone 25
IRMA ALBERTA

New Cockshutt Wide Disc Harrows

FOR MODERN FIELD WORK
Fully flexible in operation 18' and 24' sizes

WE HANDLE A COMPLETE USED PARTS
SERVICE ON INTERNATIONAL 15 x 30
AND ALLIS CHALMERS TRACTORS

We are ready to repair or recondition your tractors. Careful work by a mechanic with years of satisfactory service in Irma.

GUY TORY

Irma Phone 34 Wainwright phone 8

CHURCH NOTICES AND ACTIVITIES

UNITED CHURCH

Passchendale—Public worship 11:15
Roseberry—Public worship 4 p.m.
Irma—Sunday school 11 a.m.
Public worship 8 p.m.
Mid-week service Wednesday 5 p.m.
A hearty invitation to all.

SHARON LUTHERAN CHURCH

Divine service (Norwegian) 11:30

Albert District News

Albert school visited Education Point on Friday, May 9, in a return game of softball but were once more defeated, 14-19. However it was a close game and all enjoyed the outing. The Albert W.I. met at the home of Mrs. R. C. Johnson on May 8th. Fourteen ladies were present. Plant slips and seeds were exchanged by members and all brought knitted squares which one of the members is giving into aid boxes for the Red Cross. Mrs. W. E. Ramsey gave an interesting reading and lunch was served by Mrs. Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones, Miss Joyce Cook and Mrs. Griffiths spent the week end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Treffry of Car where Miss Edith Jones is teaching.

Our new Rawleigh dealer, Mr. Harrington made the rounds in this district lately.

There was a good crowd at the service for Mothers' Day last Sunday.

Others may differ a little, but these seem to be the big favorites among the boys overseas. I do hope this helps a little, as I know the folks back there can't understand just what things are like over here. In fact over here it is just like stepping into another world entirely after living in Canada.

I don't know whether I told you of having two weeks leave in Scotland some time ago. I had a wonderful time.

Edinburgh, I visited the famous Edinburgh Castle and other world famous places. I should have another leave the first of June, and I'm going back up there to take some pictures and forward some to you. I haven't seen mother's folks for the last couple of months, but they were well when I last saw them.

Thanks again folks for the cigarettes. I sure do appreciate them. My best regards to all and good luck. Your nephew, Ralph.

Empire Trade Is On The Increase Owing To Britain's Sea Command

By Sir Archibald Hurd

Author of the Official History of the Merchant Navy in the War, prepared under the auspices of the Historical Section of the Committee of Imperial Defence.

The Empire continues to trade by sea in spite of the so-called "Total Blockade" of the enemy. That is the economic miracle of these times, and it is due to the victorious command of the sea by the Empire's navies and the courage, resource and endurance of the merchant seamen, not only of the Empire but of all the European democracies—Norway, Denmark, Greece, Belgium, Poland, Finland and others.

They have all made their contributions to the largest mercantile fleet which has ever been under a single management—the Ministry of Shipping in London, which unites the individual management by Government Departments of the Dominions.

These merchant ships are threatening the seas on their lawful occasions. Losses occur, but they have not been so great as seriously to interfere with the business of the great group of trading communities represented by the British Empire.

A powerful and well-balanced fighting organization for duty at sea, on land and in the air has been mobilized. Supreme at sea, it is rapidly gaining the ascendancy in the air and is training and equipping great armies, supported by ample supplies of munitions of all descriptions.

The goods which entered the ports of the British Isles last year were of a total value of £1,099,356,000—24.3 per cent. larger than in any year since 1928, a boom period. The exports of British manufactures and coal were to the value of no less than £1,084,000,000, a decline of only six per cent. on the previous year's figures. This in spite of the fact that all available manpower had been organized for the prosecution of the war. So, in all, the goods which entered or left the British Isles were worth upwards of £1,500,000,000—all of them carried by sea.

Reports from the Dominions, Colonies and Protectorates show that they are profiting from the command of the sea and the courage with which merchant seamen, undaunted, are standing up to the enemy's attack.

Canada, in spite of all she is doing to assist in the prosecution of the war on land, on sea, and in the air, has displaced Germany as the third most important exporting country in the world.

She has in consequence a healthy trade balance. The population has never been so fully employed. During 1940, approximately 3,770 vessels carrying a deadweight tonnage of 22,260,000 were conveyed from the American side of the Atlantic to British ports.

tish ports in face of the so-called "Total Blockade."

Australian exports have also increased to a greater extent than have her imports, an indication of economic planning. The Commonwealth has never been so busy as it is to-day.

South Africa also is preparing, her exports having shown a phenomenal development.

New Zealand, though far removed from the main current of world trade and with a population of only about a million and a half, mainly engaged in agriculture, is playing no mean part in supporting the Empire's trade movement.

India's foreign trade, according to the latest figures, is on a higher scale than at any time for the past three years. Her exports increased by nearly £30,000,000 in the first year of the war and are still expanding.

The same story of progress comes from all the Colonies and Protectorates of the British Empire. Malaya, in particular, is profiting from the increased demand for rubber and tin. All the other territories are faring well, producing primary products in vast volume and finding markets for these products.

Germany and Italy ranked high as commercial seapowers with no less than 8,000,000 tons of merchant shipping. Nearly 400 of their ships, aggregating 3,000,000 tons have been captured or scuttled and the most of that rest are in hiding. The United States Congress has excluded all American vessels from the "war zones." Japan, with a merchant fleet of 5,600,000 tons, has had to restrict her shipping services owing to her amphibious war in China where, after over four years of war, upwards of one million of her soldiers have to be supplied by sea with food, munitions and all they require.

Though so many merchant ships under these flags have been withdrawn from the trade routes, the ocean commerce of the British Empire is being carried on to an extent which transcends the most optimistic prophecies. Once more the value of sea command to the British people is being proved.

These hundred years ago, when the British Empire, as we know it, had its existence, Walter Raleigh wrote words which apply even more significantly to-day than they did then. "Whoever commands the sea commands the trade; whoever commands the trade of the world commands the riches of the world and consequently the world itself." Within a time man has conquered the air, but so far as international trade is concerned—the carrying of cargoes of heavy raw materials and manufactures—nothing has happened to invalidate Raleigh's testimony to the commercial importance of seapower.

Glove Metropolis

Leathers Processed in England From Skins Collected From Many Climes

Gloversville, America's glove metropolis, is having a show of leathers for gloves, processed in Britain, from skins collected in Arabia, New Zealand, South Africa, the Sudan and in Britain itself.

British doekins, made from the skins of British and New Zealand sheep, are already sought after in U.S.A. and other types have now been specially prepared by Britain's 15 foremost tanners.

The British Colour Council has selected eight special shades for the collection: Vintage Wine, Gallant Blue, Guardsman Red, Madison Beige, Toffee Tan, Commander Blue, English Tan and Park Brown.

The exhibition may go on from Gloversville to Montreal.

Appears To Enjoy Fight

Sparrow Spends Time Attacking Images Reflected In Hub Cap
A sparrow that hangs around a grocery store in St. Louis, Mo., has gone crazy with curiosity over the owner's new automobile.

The bird spends most of the daylight hours beating its head against the shiny hub caps in a furious attack on the reflected images. Striking its bill against the wheel with a sharp ping, it falls back, pulls itself together, squares off again and takes another crack.

Every five minutes or so it takes time out to rearrange ruffled feathers or scout around for food. Then it returns to the attack—sometimes with an admiring companion sparrow which takes a flyer of its own at the hub cap.

Races United

Empire Women Of All Races Further War Work

Admiration for the war work being done by British and other women in the Far East was expressed by Prof. Winifred Curtis, a London University lecturer, after she completed a propaganda tour under the auspices of the British Ministry of Information. She toured Japan, Shanghai, Hong Kong, The Netherlands East Indies and Malaya. She will spend a holiday in Australia before returning to England.

"One of the most heartening and marvellous features of this war which I have noticed in my travels," she said, "is the way women of the Empire, women of all races, have come together to do all they can towards the war effort."

More Sheep In Canada

The number of sheep on Canadian farms at December 1, 1940, was 2,688,500, a gain of 1.3 per cent. over the 2,655,000 at December 1, 1939. Declines in numbers occurred in the Maritime Provinces and Ontario, while Saskatchewan showed an increase of 12.5 per cent. It is expected that a further increase in numbers will be shown in the count at June 1, 1941.

THE NEW ORDER



—Ray in Kansas City Star.

Empire Parliamentary Association

Speaker Stresses The Value, Particularly In Wartime

Declaring that the Empire Parliamentary Association meetings are particularly valuable in wartime, Sir Howard d'Essex, secretary of the association, expressed the hope in an address at Edmonton that "it soon may be found suitable to form a branch of the association in the legislature of Alberta."

Alberta is the only province in Canada which is not a member of the association. Sir Howard spoke to members of the legislative assembly on the floor of the legislature.

Outlining the war situation he said it would have been impossible for the Greeks to achieve the success they have in their war with Italy without the help of the British navy and the Royal Air Force.

He said only the British navy stood between Hitler-dominated Europe and the North American continent and to the way of an invasion of this continent by air.

Goes To Britain

Manion Is Chosen To Report War Service Efforts

Defence Minister Ralston announced that Hon. Dr. R. J. Manion, former Conservative leader, had been authorized by the defence department to proceed to England to consult with Canadian military headquarters in London and with Lt.-Gen. A. G. L. McNaughton on the question of the work of auxiliary services in the field.

Dr. Manion, who in the first great war was a battalion medical officer with the rank of captain, will hold the rank of acting colonel while engaged in his present capacity for defence headquarters.

These services, along with the Imperial Order, Daughters of the Empire and the Y.W.C.A. now are engaged in a joint campaign to raise \$500,000 to aid in continuing their work with the armed forces.

Character is the result of two things: Mental attitude and the way we spend our time.

Aid War Prisoners

British Prisoners Of War In Germany Supplied With Books

Amid the crash of Nazi bombing or high above the noise of London traffic, Miss Christine Knowles in Carrington House, Hartford Street, directs the lively revival of a voluntary organization which flourished during the first Great War—"The British Prisoners of War Books and Games Fund."

As the name indicates the objective is to keep the 44,000 British prisoners in Germany supplied with books and games, music and musical instruments. These mean much in morale, comfort and heartening of prisoners.

The books include novels, language texts, books of travel, history, memoirs, biography, philosophy, poetry and plays. A nucleus of 1,000 books is placed in each camp to build up libraries.

As soon as the service man's family has been notified he is a prisoner of war his address is obtained by the book fund. Immediately a small parcel containing a Bible, novel, a pocket chess board and counters and a pack of cards is sent. Enclosed also is a card upon which he may indicate his personal tastes and hobbies.

These cards are returned and their requests filled. Some ask to learn Spanish, German, French and other languages. Some ask for Bibles in Welsh and Gaelic.

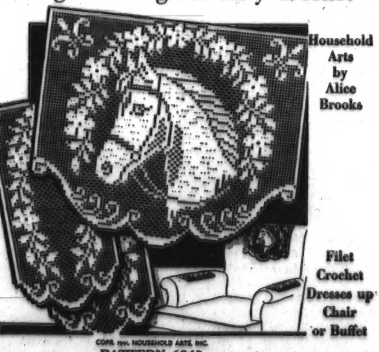
Through this organization anyone can adopt a prisoner and for \$1 a month, parcels of books will be sent to him.

Some Old Fables

We read, says the Woodstock Sentinel-Review, that a London constable was shot in the fracas, which is probably as painful as being stabbed in the melee or struck in the scuffle. Still more distressing, we read that a doctor has been fined over a dispute with a waitress, who received a kick in the altercation.

A horse may pull your car out of a ditch, but horse sense will keep it from getting into one.

Original Design In Easy Crochet



If you enjoy owning accessories that are different, you'll lose no time getting started on this set for chair or buffet. It's simple flat crochet, fun to do and smart in final effect. Pattern 6940 contains charts and directions of it and of stitches; materials needed.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Avenue, E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published.

Canada To Have Over Half A Million Men Under Arms This Year

Ivan The Terrible

Glorious Deeds Of State Praised By Official Soviet Paper

Czar Ivan the Terrible has been put in the good graces of the Soviets by an article in the government newspaper *Izvestia*, praising his "glorious deeds of state." The reign of the sixteenth century czar was "marked by great popular creativity in the military art."

V. Kostyleff, who has just finished a novel about Ivan's times, (1530-1584) declared "false ideas about the personality and activity of Ivan IV. were cultivated among the masses."

"Only the dark side of his private life served as the theme of previous works about him."

The writer said he discovered Ivan's true nature during research after noting the discrepancy between two ideas: "Russia ruled by a semi-lunatic beast, while the state grew so much stronger."

(Ivan always has been pictured as one of the cruellest rulers in history. Once when a foreign ambassador failed to uncover in his presence he is said to have had a servant drive a nail through the man's hat—while it was still on his head.)

(He is said to have ravaged Nizhni Novgorod for five weeks, massacring batches of men, women and children daily, and to have killed his eldest surviving son, Ivan, in a fit of fury.)

(Nevertheless, the *Encyclopaedia Britannica* says he possessed "extraordinary political foresight" and anticipated "the ideals of Peter the Great.")

Kostyleff wrote that "centralization of the state was carried on strictly by Ivan, consolidating peoples and forces. Indeed, this union of Russia played a great historical role and neither Poland, Sweden, the Tartars nor Turkey ever succeeded in dismembering Russia, although they tried to do so."

"Ivan was the first czar to develop the defence of the borders, as well as trade and justice, and he thus won the sympathy of the people and justified the assassination of his own son," whom Kostyleff called a traitor.

He spoke of Ivan's "far-sighted foreign policy" even while acknowledging that Ivan was "superstitious, afraid of magicians' sorcery, very religious and extremely cruel when anyone stood in his way." These traits, however, were characteristic of Ivan's period, Kostyleff said.

"An objective study of documents in the light of a materialistic understanding of history" *Izvestia* said, revealed that Ivan was a great patriotic statesman and a skillful diplomat and soldier, who was the first to centralize the Russian State, organize border defence and demand a Baltic outlet.

Honey Production

Canada Ranks Fourth In The Exportation Of Honey

The latest available figures dealing with the comparative rank of the nations in honey production are given by the International Review of Agriculture. In number of colonies of bees Russia ranks first with the United States of America second. Next comes Germany followed by France, Mexico and Turkey.

It is shown that in nearly all countries there has been a great expansion in honey production during the past ten years. In Germany from 1935 to 1939, the increase is estimated at 81 per cent. The uniformity of the increase as well as its extent is the subject of comment because of the fact that economic conditions have varied so greatly in the different countries. Canada stands out as among the most efficient in management according to the Review. Although ranking only sixteenth in number of colonies of bees it ranks fourth in volume of honey produced. Mexico has nearly one-half as many colonies of bees as the United States. The island of Cuba is by far the largest exporter of honey, followed by Chile. Mexico and Canada export in about equal quantity, while Guatemala with its comparatively small area exports about as much honey as the United States.

Finding Many Substitutes

Britain is finding substitutes at home for many articles and products that used to come from the continent. Powder puffs, formerly imported from Poland and France, are being made from English goosekins, while seaweed is replacing potash fertilizer from Germany and Alacine Lorraine in the production of iodine.

Canada, with a peacetime strength of less than 100,000 men in the active and reserve formations of the army, navy and air force, will have more than 500,000 all ranks, either under arms or partially trained by the end of the present year.

Unlike the expeditionary force of approximately 620,000 men enlisted during the four years of the first Great War, Canada's modern military organization has been built up without the aid of high-pressure recruiting campaigns.

Troops already brought to a high pitch of proficiency are either awaiting the signal which will take them to an active theatre of war or are standing guard in home defence areas.

The steady stream of young airmen is beginning to flow from British Commonwealth air training schools and re-inforcements for Canada's growing navy are being marshalled in every province.

In a recent speech, Prime Minister Mackenzie King disclosed that further contingents would be dispatched overseas during 1941, to augment the Canadian corps under command of Lt.-Gen. A. G. L. McNaughton. With the arrival of these forces it is estimated the Dominion's overseas fighting strength will be boosted beyond the 100,000 mark.

The stepped-up war program also provides for expansion of the Empire air training plan by the addition of approximately 36,000 men before the end of the present year.

Upwards of 25,000 airmen are expected to be turned out annually once the scheme is operating at full capacity. That stage, reliable sources say, is not far off.

The Canadian navy which at the outbreak of war comprised 15 ships and a personnel of 1,774 is scheduled to be increased to 413 ships and 26,920 men by March 31, 1942.

Although the actual number of recruits being trained for active service has not been revealed, training camp accommodation is available for more than 200,000 men.

The first class summoned to camps under the four-month compulsory training scheme embraced less than 5,000 men in the 21-year age group, but provision has been made for a turnout of upwards of 60,000 men in the 18 months from March 20.

It has been announced between 40,000 and 80,000 active army recruits will also be required this year to replace troops being sent overseas.

Partial training has also been given to more than 80,000 men between the ages of 21 and 25 called into the original 30-day training plan.

Since the four-month period was adopted early in February, reports have been current that the compulsory training principle might be extended to higher age categories. This move, it is said, would be contingent on the 21-year-old class failing to produce the needed quota for the year's proposed program.

Among the reserve army formations, whose strength according to latest returns is just under 200,000, a general weeding-out process is under way.

Orders recently went out to commanding officers of reserve units advising them to get ready for a possible emergency. As a result most of these formations are being reorganized on a footing where they can be dispatched on active service if needed or employed on home defence duties.

Demand Is Increasing

Higher Tax Not Affecting Sale Of Bicycles In Britain

Britain recently increased the tax on bicycles amounting to 24 per cent. on retail prices. Despite this the demand for the bicycles is actually increasing. Perhaps the heavy tax on motor cars and gasoline has something to do with it. Another thing about bicycles in Britain, is that manufacturers, despite the war, have undertaken to export 1,250,000 machines this year.

Diamonds Stored In India

India was the only known source of diamonds for nearly 2,000 years and it is believed the vaults of that country's princes contain many rare and valuable stones the world has never seen or heard of.

Underground Schools

London's evening institutes—night schools—mostly closed since the air-raids started, have in many cases been re-opened and going strong in underground shelters.

Help keep well-nourished
with this tasty **WHOLE WHEAT**
Breakfast



★ Two Nabisco Shredded Wheat with a cupful of Milk and Fresh Fruit.
Start the day right with this delicious, nourishing whole wheat breakfast.
At all food stores, ask for it by the full name "Nabisco Shredded Wheat."

THE CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT COMPANY LTD., Niagara Falls, Can.

MADE IN CANADA - OF CANADIAN WHEAT



DAUGHTER OF DESTINY

—BY—
Eleanor Atterbury Colton

CHAPTER V.

Fingers of hot desert sunshine had already begun to poke into Devona's cool bedroom when she awakened next morning. In her first sleepy confusion she couldn't remember where she was. Then, with a rush, it all came back—this lovely room, this whole beautiful house, her mother—Dale!

Then she opened her eyes wide, sat up. Or was it behind her? Gradually yesterday's sense of insecurity wound sinuously through her thoughts. She mustn't stay here, they said. Yet—

She shrugged fear aside, slipped out of bed. It was too glorious a morning to be afraid of anything.

Shrugging out of her webby nightgown, Devona found the blue bathing suit—new last time that she and Dad had spent a lovely lazy holiday at Naples. Flipping a wide beach cape over one arm, she slipped out into the silent, deserted hallway.

At the foot of the stairs a stealthy sound stopped her. Footsteps. Some one else awake early this gorgeous morning! She waited, listening to silence for a moment. Then, slowly, silently a side door opened. A man stepped softly into the hall, closed the door noiselessly behind him.

His gray hat was pulled close over his eyes, but he turned now. She could see his face. Slanting eyes in a yellow face. Wong! She felt her heart beat again. Only Wong! Smiling at her own fright, she watched him slip across the main hall, down the corridor to the servants' quarters.

By why—the question pursued her—at 6 in the morning, when all the house was taking a well-earned rest, was Wong abroad?

Then, with a shrug, she dismissed the problem. After all, what her mother's servants did was certainly none of her affair.

The first plunge into clear, green-blue water took her breath away. Then gave it back as she struck out smoothly, steadily. She loved swimming. It had been one of the few sports Dad approved. Dipping under water, she swam the length of the pool, then hoisted herself gracefully on to the tiled edge.

"Hello. What gets you out so early?" Dale's voice just behind her. Startled, she smiled up at him. "Oh—lovely morning, lovely pool."

"And a lovely girl, if I may say so." His blue eyes teased.

"Thank you, sir." She pulled off her cap, ran her fingers through the tangle of dark curls until she could control the thrill that chased through her. When she did look up she saw

he was dressed in business gray, that he carried a bulging briefcase. "Are you—leaving?"

"Yes. No rest for the wicked. I've a case in court tomorrow. I've got to do some ground work on it."

"Oh, I'm sorry," and some of the glory went out of the morning.

"So am I. I'd like nothing better than to race you—two pool's lengths."

"I'd beat you," she challenged.

"Not if I had to drown you first! Suppose we postpone it until next

"Through high school youngsters. These runners plant a persuasive chap where the kids hang out and before you know it you've got a bunch of marijuana-smoking boys making trouble and raising hell."

"But— isn't it dangerous." Devona persisted earnestly. "There must be plenty of money to fight a drive like yours. The men who are getting rich off this racket will surely resent what you're doing."

Dale laughed abruptly. "Resent is



She swam the length of the pool twice, then climbed gracefully onto the tiled edge. "Hello. What gets you out so early?" came Dale's voice over her shoulder

week-end, same time, same place? You on?"

"I'm on."

"Good. You're practically beaten now," and gave her his hand as she stepped from the tiled pool's edge to the green lawn.

"What's your case about?" she asked just to give herself time to put a checkrein on her own wild hopes. She was not making a very auspicious beginning on this plan of hers to prove she was adult when Dale's first flippant compliment turned her face into a sunset sky!

"The blue eyes went grave. "Dope running, as usual. This one in itself isn't so important. But it's paving the way for a big catch."

"You mean—"

"I mean we've got a tricky problem on our hands. It's going to take some time and some good luck to solve it." He propped the heavy brief case against a lawn chair while he lit a cigarette. "We thought we had this thing scotched a year ago. Now there's a new leak somewhere."

"How do you know?"

hardly the word for it. They winged the boss the last time we raided."

"Shot him!"

"Sure. Just like in the movies. Only difference was we didn't catch the guy that did it." He hoisted the heavy case into the coupe and opened the door.

MIDDLE-AGE WOMEN

HEED THIS ADVICE!!

"Thousands of women complaining that 'Young Time' with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—famous for over 30 years in relieving female functional troubles. Try it."

Better Smoking!

DAILY MAIL

CIGARETTES

Milder Smoking

"Oh, Dale, you must be careful." Her imagination leaped ahead, tortuously. "What if—"

Dale looked down at her a long moment. "What if—what?"

"I mean—maybe next time, they'll get you."

"Maybe." He grinned. "Would you care?"

Devona's glance went down before the teasing challenge in his. "Certainly. It seems ridiculous to take chances."

"Don't worry. I don't. I'm supposed to solve this problem. Not make another by letting them use me for a target!" He climbed into the car, slammed the door. "That's why I have friends like Jose Macias. He keeps me posted on—well, lots of things."

"I see." Devona smiled, remembered, not without apprehension, the dark violence in Macias' handsome black eyes.

"Be careful, won't you." She tried to hide real concern behind a jaunty little smile. "I need you—for moral support, you know."

"Look here." His eyes went grave again. "Don't let any one get you down, will you?"

"Why do you say that?"

"They could hurt you without half trying. You see, you're—well, different. They'll probably hate you for it at first."

"Hate me! But why?"

"Because you're beautiful and young and—untarnished."

"But I don't understand—"

He laughed then. A short, sharp little sound. "Of course, you don't. And I'm probably being an old snail about the whole business. Just don't worry. I'll see you next week-end."

Devona nodded. "Good-bye now."

"Bye."

She watched the blue car turn out of the cool shadowy cavern the palms built around the drive, out into the white highway beyond. At the corner he waved once, then disappeared.

Slowly she turned back toward the house. As she did, she saw a white cat disappear behind a clump of blazing poinsettia blossoms. A moment later Wong slipped through a side door into the house.

Wong again! Devona shuddered. Always tip-toeing around, turning up at the oddest moments. Had he, she wondered as she went on into the house, been eavesdropping behind that bush all the time? Asiatics were a curious race. But surely Wong must have seen casual flirtations before now!

She dressed quickly—a simple, yellow linen with a trail of brown buttons from throat to hem. She'd begin learning to-day. She'd make Vera Vadne proud to be her mother. She had to! A little sob snagged in her throat. She had to—

Then a tap at her door, Wong's voice just outside, Telephone for Miss Rasbourne.

"Thank you, Wong."

Puzzled, Devona followed him down the corridor to the little phone booth tucked behind an ornamental wrought iron gate. Who could be calling her?

"Hello?"

"Devona?"—an already familiar voice.

"Oh!" Her own voice faintest to a whisper.

"Hello! Are you there?"

"Yes. Yes. Dale. I'm here."

"I just wanted to ask you not to mention the name of the person I was talking to you about just before I left."

"Of course. And do be careful."

"Right. See you later. Bye."

"Bye."

Mechanically she replaced the receiver, opened the door to the little booth. It must be strange, nerve-racking business—this work of Dale's. To be so careful, so constantly on guard.

Thoughtfully, she went back to her room. As she closed the door behind her, a short, black-haired figure in a white servant's jacket, slipped out of a hall closet, disappeared noiselessly down the servant's stair.

(To Be Continued)

It is easy to understand how two great nations can reach an accord in a few hours, when you consider that neither side intends to keep the agreement.

Newcastle, South Africa, had a bird plague, thousands of swallows and hawks dimming the sun as they hovered over the city.

Caviar, which is prepared sturgeon roe, is one of the products of Canada's fishing industry.

2410

Plans Are Well-Meant

But Paderewski Answers Hoover's Idea To Feed Europe

An American correspondent reports that Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt met Paderewski in Florida a few days ago and discussed with him the future of Poland. Poland is suffering a great deal more than any part of France. Germany is carrying out systematically almost the greatest crime in history, that of deliberately trying to destroy the entire Polish race by a process of starvation, shooting of the men and other means.

"Do you think," Mrs. Roosevelt asked, "we should send food to Poland?" "It is difficult to make a decision concerning my countrymen," Paderewski replied, and then after meditation, he added: "But nothing should be done to disturb the British blockade."

Paderewski has given the answer to Mr. Hoover's well-meant but misguided plans to feed the peoples who are under Hitler's rule, and therefore, are his responsibility.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Invention By Blind Man

Gadget Operated By Electricity Tells Denomination Of Bills

A news item from Ottawa says they will have to rewrite that old phrase about "stealing money from a blind man" if the idea of 27-year-old George LaFleur of suburban Overbrook is put into general practice.

LaFleur, himself blind, has invented an automatically-controlled device that can be plugged into any electric light socket and which enables the operator to tell by means of electrical impulses the denomination of any bills placed in the machine.

A little black box about 10 inches square and five inches deep, the device is an adaptation of the photo-electric cell. It was produced by LaFleur in collaboration with John H. Hewson of Ottawa, expert on electrical sound devices.

LaFleur hopes to display his invention at the Canadian National Exhibition this fall.

GEMS OF THOUGHT

GOOD EVER OBTAINABLE

Because you lack a noble and successful past, is no real reason why you should lack a noble and successful future.—Thomas Dreier

The law of nature is, Do the thing, and you shall have the power; but they who do not the thing have not the power.—Emerson

Faith in divine Love supplies the ever-present help and now, and gives the power to "act in the living present."—Mary Baker Eddy.

Look upon every day as the whole of life, not merely as a section; and enjoy and improve the present without wishing, through haste, to rush on to another.—Richter

The present is never our object; the past and the present we use as means; the future only is our end. Thus we never live, we only hope to live.—Pascal

Every good gift and every perfect gift is from above, and cometh down from the Father of lights, with whom is no variableness, neither shadow or turning.—New Testament: James 1: 17.

Carried Strange Address

But British Post Office Delivered Letter To Proper Person

A letter from New York addressed to "Miss Jane Moore, Southeast coast of England, whose home is nearest enemy—a bit of land that juts out into the sea, England," was delivered to Miss Joan Moore, 15-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Moore of Cape, near Folkestone.

A picture of Miss Moore feeding chickens in her garden near a crashed German airplane was reproduced in a New York newspaper. Miss Frances Simmonds of New York saw it and wrote a letter ending, "Keep your chin up, fingers crossed."

The picture caption didn't give Miss Moore's address. But the post office eventually traced her from the address on Miss Simmonds' letter.

Nazis Confiscate Children's Food

German authorities in Warsaw have confiscated (a) herrings, sausages and meats prepared for feeding children in the holidays, and (b) 15,000 pounds of lard, sausages and meat in the central stock-house of the Metropolitan Committee of Social Assistance. The latter food had been offered as gifts for the asylums supported by the Metropolitan Committee serving the poorest class of the people.

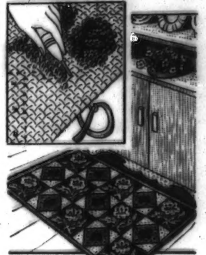
India's flying clubs have trained nearly 1,000 army pilots in 10 years.

Chantecler
SIGN BUYING
CIGARETTE PAPERS
NONE FASTER MADE

HOME SERVICE

NEW ENGLAND HOOKED RUG

LEADS CHARM TO A ROOM



Simple and Inexpensive to Make

A hooked rug gives your home such a warm, intimate air! And you can hook this charming design easily.

Use any material you have on hand (though woolen is best) and as for colors—the more the merrier! Lovely together are rose, green, black, beige, orchid.

How to begin? On a large piece of burlap draw the shape of the rug, 23 by 37 inches. Then draw a 1-inch border and rule off 15 boxes, each 7 inches square. The floral and geometric designs you draw from patterns.

Now, after sewing carpet binding round your rug (and tacking to a wood frame, you can hook.

With one hand, hold a strip of fabric (cut 1/2 inch wide) under the rug. With the other hand thrust the hook through the burlap and pull up the strip, leaving a loop 1/4 inch high on top of the burlap. Carefully following your color scheme, hook the same way until the rug is finished.

Our 32-page booklet gives exact instructions and patterns for making a hooked rug. Also tells how to make other lovely rugs as well as woven, braided, knitted, tufted and crocheted rugs.

Send 15 cents in coins for your copy of "How to Make Your Own Rugs" to Home Service Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

The following booklets are also available at 15c each:

- 167—Popular Cowboy Songs
- 164—Party Games For All Occasions
- 183—Self-Instruction in Short-hand
- 184—Develop Correct Tennis Form
- 171—How to Plant and Care for Your Garden
- 162—Public Speaking Self-Taught

Used in Finland

Cattle Fodder Is Made From Ordinary Pine Wood Pulp

A new cellulose cattle fodder has been put on the open market in Finland. Called "pine oats" it is made from ordinary pine wood pulp and is similar in nutritive value to oats. Due to the poor harvest last year and the import difficulties the Finns have turned to this new artificial feed for their stock. It is a maintenance diet only being mixed with natural feeds for best results.

Modern farm machinery is used on only a few farms in Manchuria.

Bee Hive Golden Syrup

ENERGY for LIVING!

Sweeten Cereal, Puddings and Fresh Fruit.

Want MORE CIGARETTES FOR 10¢?

Roll your own with

DAILY MAIL

CIGARETTE TOBACCO

A Pleasant Habit
DAILY MAIL
CIGARETTES

CLOSING HOURS

For Shops in the Village of Irma

As Per Village By-Law No. 81

All Wednesdays from December 25th to August 15th inclusive - - 12 noon

All business days, except Wednesdays during half holiday period and Saturdays - - - - - 6 p.m.

Saturdays from December 25th to April 15th inclusive - - - - - 6 p.m.

Saturdays from April 15th to December 25th - - - - - 11:30 p.m.

Sundays and Statutory Holidays, closed all day

The World of Wheat

The country of Iraq, now so much in the public eye, has from time to time during the past 6000 years been great news.

The land once constituted the whole of the known world. It was the site of the Flood, of the Garden of Eden, of the ancient cities of Ur, Babylon and Nineveh; it was the home of Abraham and of the great conqueror Nebuchadnezzar (whose career was not unlike Hitler's) and whose downfall was predicted accurately by the Biblical prophets Jeremiah, Ezekiel and Daniel.

For thousands of years this ancient country was the scene of invasions and battles by the Chaldeans, the Egyptians, the Babylonians, the Jews, the Medes, the Persians and the Assyrians; these nations taking, hold and losing one after the other that historic stretch of country between the Tigris and Euphrates Rivers, credited with being then, as it still is today, the most fertile land in the world.

On this soil wheat is said to have been first grown, and it was mainly for wheat that the ancient wars and invasions were made, but today it is for the magic oil that the struggle is taking place, and on identical the same ground that has seen so many great conquerors of the past rise supreme, reign for a brief period, only each in his turn to fall.

Wheat Plan In Operation

The federal government wheat plan was passed by parliament on April 30 after some minor revisions had been made. Some changes in the wordings were made, mainly for the purpose of clarification.

The regulations now definitely stipulate that the acreage reduction on any farm will be computed by deducting the number of acres sown to wheat in 1941 from the number sown in 1940.

On farms where no land was sown to wheat in 1940 the wheat acreage in 1939 will be accepted as the land sown to wheat in 1940, unless it exceeds 60 per cent of the cultivated acreage on such farm in 1940. In such case the number of acres sown to wheat in 1940 will be considered to be 60 per cent of the total cultivated acreage on the farm in 1940.

Where no land was sown to wheat in 1939, the wheat sowings in 1940 will be computed to be the land sown to wheat in 1940, unless it exceeds 60 per cent of cultivated acreage in 1940. In this case the number of acres sown to wheat in 1940 will be computed to be 60 per cent of the total cultivated acreage in 1940.

Where 80 per cent or more of cultivated acreage in 1940 was sown to wheat, and on which 80 per cent or more of cultivated acreage was sown

to wheat in 1939, the wheat acreage or both after July 31st, 1941, in excess of the number of acres of cultivated land computed to be sown in rye or grass before July 1st, 1940.

(This clause is to meet cases in which the area of farms has changed in successive years.)

On farms not in these categories, and on which there has been a variation of one-third or more between the wheat acreage in 1939 and 1940, the wheat sowings in 1940 will be computed to be the average number of acres sown to wheat in 1939 and 1940.

On farms where there was new breaking in 1940, 80 per cent of the breaking will be computed as being included in the wheat sowings in 1940 and the other 20 per cent computed as coarse grains.

To establish acreage sown to coarse grains or grass or summer-fallowed land, the regulations cited the information on 1940 crop divisions required from the farmer who is to participate in the acreage reduction plan.

BASIS OF BONUS

There still seems to be some misunderstanding as to the basis on which the federal government will pay \$4 an acre on summer-fallowed land. This bonus will be paid only on summer-fallowed land which represents reduced wheat acreage from 1940.

Each acre sown to coarse grains or grass before July 1st will warrant a payment of \$2, but these sowings must be in excess of the acreage sown to coarse grains or grass in 1940.

The sum of \$2 an acre will be paid for each acre sown to rye or grass

or both after July 31st, 1941, in excess of the number of acres of cultivated land computed to be sown in rye or grass before July 1st, 1940.

OTHERS MAKE ERRORS TOO

From Santa Maria, Cal., Times

An editor, who had his attention called to a mistake in one of his columns, according to W. L. Hanson, publisher of the Santa Ynez News, didn't feel so aggrieved when he recalled that on the same day there was a letter in his post office box that did not belong to him; he called No. 98 on the phone and got 198; he called for a spool of No. 50 thread and got a spool of 60; he got his milk bill and there was a mistake of 10 cents in the company's favor; he felt sick and the doctor said he was eating too much meat when he hadn't tasted meat for two months; the preacher turned in his church notes with the name of the society misspelled and the editor got the blame for it; the garage man said his car was missing because it needed a new timer; and he cleaned the spark plugs and the fiver has run ever since.

Put your white wash on the sunny side of the line and keep the colored clothing in the shade.

Public Notices

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF BATTLE RIVER, No. 423

Whereas under the provisions of Section 26 of the Tax Recovery Act, 1938, the following parcels of land may be leased from the Municipal District of Battle River, No. 423, for a term of one or three years as the case may be. Applications will be considered at every regular meeting of the council at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon until disposed of.

S 1/4 SW	12	44	7	4	SE	2	44	9	4
N 1/4 SW	3	45	7	4	SE	3	44	9	4
NW	5	45	7	4	NW	4	44	9	4
SE	5	45	7	4	NW	6	44	9	4
SW	5	45	7	4	SE	7	44	9	4
SE	6	45	7	4	SE	9	44	9	4
SW	12	45	7	4	SW	28	45	9	4
(1 acre)					SW	20	46	9	4
SW	25	45	7	4	NW	32	46	9	4
NE	27	45	7	4	NE	28	45	8	4
NE	2	44	9	4	SE	28	45	8	4
NW	2	44	9	4	SW	28	45	8	4
					NW	28	45	8	4

Redemption may be effected by payment of all arrears of taxes and costs at any time prior to lease.

Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary-Treasurer.

TENDERS FOR GRAVELLING

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF BATTLE RIVER, No. 423

Sealed tenders will be received at the office of the Municipal District of Battle River No. 423, Irma, Alberta, not later than 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, May 20th, 1941, for the gravelling of 2 miles of road north from the SE 33-45-9 W4.

Information regarding this work and location of gravel pit may be had from councillor Archibald. Mark your envelope "Gravel Tender, Division 4." Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary-Treasurer.

PUBLIC NOTICE

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF BATTLE RIVER, No. 423

Notice is hereby given to all owners of domestic animals running at large on road allowances in divisions 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in the Municipal District of Battle River, No. 423, that they will be held responsible for any damage done by said animals.

Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary-Treasurer.

PUBLIC NOTICE

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF BATTLE RIVER, No. 423

Bids will be received by the council of the Municipal District of Battle River, No. 423, in a public sale manner for the purchase of the SW 28-45-9 W4 at any regular meeting of the council at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, until disposed of.

Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary-Treasurer.

TENDERS FOR GRAVELLING

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF BATTLE RIVER, No. 423

Sealed tenders will be received at the office of the Municipal District of Battle River No. 423, Irma, Alberta, not later than 5:30 o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, May 20th, 1941, for the gravelling of 3 miles of road south from the NW 7-45-9 W4.

Information regarding this work and location of gravel pit may be had from councillor Blakley. Mark your envelope "Gravel Tender, Division 2." Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary-Treasurer.

PUBLIC NOTICE

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF BATTLE RIVER, No. 423

As justifiable complaints have been received by the council of the Municipal District, regarding defacing of property and improper conduct in the Irma Cemetery:

Take notice that this will not be tolerated and any person or persons found guilty of violating the provisions of By-Law No. 2 of the Municipal District of Battle River No. 423, which provides for the regulation and control of all or any cemetery within the municipality, will be dealt with to the full extent of the law.


Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary-Treasurer.

PUBLIC NOTICE

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF BATTLE RIVER, No. 423

A meeting of the ratepayers of division 4 of the M.D. Battle River No. 423 will be held at Ross school at 8 o'clock in the evening of Monday, May 19th, 1941. Councillor Archibald requests a full attendance.

Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary-Treasurer.



Wheat Deliveries

Producers should carefully study the Government's 1941 Wheat Policy to determine which alternative will bring them the best returns.

It will be necessary for producers who wish to deliver their 1940 crop and collect farm storage to do so before August 1st, 1941, when the 1941 crop delivery quota becomes effective.

THE ALBERTA PACIFIC GRAIN COMPANY, LIMITED (28)

SNUFF IT OUT



Put your white wash on the sunny side of the line and keep the colored clothing in the shade.

World Week

BY HAROLD L. WEIR
Associate editor of The Edmonton
Bulletin and author of the daily
column "From the News"

Solution of the Iraq problem has probably become the major consideration for the moment, in Hitler's mind.

That the revolution against the British proved abortive and unsuccessful was not only bad business for

Hitler, but increased his necessity for occupying that country.

It was bad business for the Nazis in two ways, first because it warned the British of Nazi intentions in that field and secondly,

Harold L. Weir because Hitler's failure to come promptly to the aid of the Iraqis undoubtedly weakened his prestige among the Arab peoples.

Particularly in Turkey did the Iraq fiasco have serious repercussions for the Germans. Turkey had more or less resigned herself to inevitable German influence in her part of the world and apparently was prepared to offer the Nazis some slight measure of co-operation.

Now, she is not at all certain that the Germans will ever get into Iraq. Coupling this surprise with the regret she must feel over standing aside and letting Hitler occupy her other security zone in Thrace, Turkey must be beginning to suffer an uncomfortable notion that she has backed the wrong horse.

It is not to be supposed, however, that Germany will relax her efforts to bring Turkey within the Axis fold. She would give a good deal to be perfectly sure that the two million tough fighting men of Turkey will not turn against her.

It may be expected, therefore, that some violent new offensive will be launched somewhere very soon, if not to capture Iraq, then at least to impress the Turks.

Germans agents are said to be very active in Syria while diplomatic pressure is being brought to bear upon Vichy to secure the use of Syrian bases.

The next offensive may, of course, have nothing to do with Iraq. Urgent as the seizure of that country may appear to Hitler, it is possible that he may set himself another task before tackling that particular problem. Iraq may be the most important objective. It may not be the next objective, however, in the chronological order he has planned.

Stalin, apparently, is persuaded that the Ukraine may soon engage Hitler's attentions. That, at least, is the only interpretation that can be placed upon Stalin's assumption of the premiership of Russia.

Stalin knows perfectly well that any invasion of Russian soil might easily result in a Russian counter-revolution. He made himself prime minister in order to maintain a legal control of the country even if the Communist Party should suffer an eclipse.

The disappearance or defeat of the Communist Party would have serious consequences for a man who derived his authority from no other source than the leadership of that party.

Spain and Portugal, too, are apprehensive of German attentions.

Portugal, of course, is traditionally a British ally. Spain owes her very existence in recent months to the British forbearance in permitting food for Spain to pass through her blockade.

Doubtless a good many Spaniards and Portuguese are gratefully aware of these facts.

But the extent of fifth columnist activities in Spain and Portugal are incomprehensible to the people of countries like Canada where the full weight of Nazi propaganda is virtually unknown.

Thousands of Nazi agents have been working with feverish haste in Spain and Portugal to create an anti-British feeling and to establish the notion that the Axis cannot lose.

It would be foolish to underestimate the effect of this pressure. It would be idiotic to believe that Spain, for instance, will offer any serious resistance at any moment when Hitler may choose to send his armies across Spain to the attack on Gibraltar.

There is good news from Britain where the Royal Air Force has been enjoying new successes against German night raiders.

Damage and casualties have been

CANADA CALLS

Canada has reason to count her blessings in these days of trial.

Canada is three thousand miles away from the sound of guns which are devastating Europe.

The broad Atlantic Ocean rolls between us and the ruthless savagery of the German Armies.

The strongest fleets in the world—British, American and Canadian—patrol the sea between us and the enemy.

We have a great friendly nation, probably the richest and most powerful in the world, at our side.

CANADA CAN AFFORD HER SACRIFICES

This war is a mechanized war.

We have the nickel... copper... lead... zinc and other metals the war industries need. We have access to the iron. We can make the steel.

We have the organized industries to fabricate these metals and make the trucks, and tanks, and guns, and planes, and the ships.

We have skilled workers and the plants for mass production. Canada has the wheat and the food supplies.

Let us count our blessings, and tighten our belts.

Canada is rich—one of the richest countries per head of population in the world. Let us lend our strength to the utmost of our power. Our national future depends upon Victory.

We must win to live.

THERE WILL BE FURTHER CALLS

There have been many calls upon the people of this country for money since Canada entered the war at the side of Great Britain.

There will be further calls.

Let us face the future unafraid.

Canada can carry the load.

But every Canadian must shoulder his and her share.

This is the most critical hour in our history. Let the future historians say of Canada, as they will say of our Mother Country: "This was their finest hour."

Get under your load...and LIFT

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, CANADA

heavy in Britain of late, but these misfortunes have been somewhat compensated by the unusually large number of German planes which have been downed.

No information, of course, has been permitted to leak out about new devices on British machines. But it seems to be certain such devices have been perfected and these increase the effectiveness of the defence.

Definite improvement, too, is noted in the efficiency of anti-aircraft batteries. The tactics of the R.A.F. have also been believed to have undergone recent changes.

Britain is moving as fast as she possibly can towards a fool-proof defence against night attacks. All this, of course, moves the possibility of a successful invasion further and further into the distance.

FOR SALE—Pure bred Yorkshire boar pigs, 1 month old. Mother of same took first prize at Vermilion show. Price, \$8 each. E. Erickson, Irma, phone 408.

FOR SALE—One 2-wheel trailer, one Whippet six sedan, newly overhauled. V. Hutchinson, Irma.

Plants breathe through their leaves. It is therefore necessary to keep house plants free from dust.

Minutes of Monthly Meeting M.D. of Buffalo Coulee

Council meeting was held at Saltaux school with councillors Wear, Pheasey, Ramsay, Donnemworth, Dew and Curry present and reeve Pheasey presiding.

Councillor Dew submitted an offer to purchase the NW 10-40-8-4 by Mr. Mike Bilyk of Pathfinder, Alta. The secretary is to advise that the council will not accept the offer.

The secretary read his letter to the Mannville hospital board regarding their free hospitalization requisition for 1941. As no reply had been received no action was taken.

Applications were read in answer to ad to weed inspectors. Cr. Dew carried that Morris Cooper's application be accepted for the E's of the M.D.

Cr. Ramsay carried that Marshall McInroy be weed inspector for the W's.

A delegation was present from Vegreville school division. Messrs. Yale, Austin, Henderson and Hinton formed the delegation and it was for the purpose of discussing matters in connection with the establishment of a health unit in the Vegreville school division. The matter was left for further negotiation.

Application for increased pension

for Geo. Busby was taken by Cr. Wear to have completed.

The following names were given to be included in the Soldier's Home Property Registrar: George Pearce, George McMinis, Wm. Noble, W. B. Judson and Alf Pagnely.

A letter was read from the superintendent of child welfare regarding the Fielding children, asking for certain information and giving extracts from a R.C.M.P. report. Cr. Curry carried that this council is satisfied and of the opinion that these children are being well cared for and well trained. The secretary is to advise Mr. Blaine and give the information required.

A circular letter from the D. M. affairs regarding new legislation was read. The secretary was instructed to get the copies of M. D. Act and Mun. Hospitals Act and any others found necessary. Also to write Dr. Stephens regarding health officer work, and Hon. W. A. Fallow to government grant and the use of a larger grant. Circular letters from the Canadian Wheat Board were read.

Cr. Donnemworth carried that time-

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sheet No. 5A be passed and paid.

The secretary is to advise each councillor of the amount of his apportionment, and also to get further information regarding the Defence Tax.

Cr. Ramsay carried that the bills and accounts be paid.

Cr. Dew carried the adjournment.

**BRIEF PARAGRAPHS
RELATING TO THE WAR**

The big sensation of the week is the landing of Rudolf Hess near Glasgow last Saturday night. Considered No. 3 Nazi and "Hitler's Shadow," his flight from Germany in a plane fore-shadows the beginning of the end of the Nazi party. Hess is reported as talking freely and divulging many of the Nazi's plans. It is surmised that

he broke with Hitler and rather than have his head cut off, he took to the air and landed in Scotland.

Col. Ralston, minister of defence, has issued a call for 32,000 volunteers for overseas service.

The dominion government is taking over a group of university buildings and the Edmonton exhibition grounds for the Empire air training plan. There are rumors that the annual Edmonton fair may be called off until the end of the war.

France and Germany are reported to be reaching a new agreement whereby Germany may use occupied and unoccupied France against Great Britain.

"IT DOES TASTE GOOD IN A PIPE!"
HANDY SEAL-TIGHT POUCH—1 1/2 LB. "LOK-TOP" TIN—65¢
also packed in Pocket Tins



Picobac
GROWN IN SUNNY, SOUTHERN ONTARIO

Conservation For Victory

News items appearing recently in the daily press appear to indicate that there was justification for the action of the federal government in devising measures for exercising some degree of supervision over the oil industry of the Dominion after the war broke out.

The importance of oil in the war economy can scarcely be over-emphasized. It must have occurred by this time to everybody that oil is the life-blood of the type of warfare which is being waged by belligerents on both sides. The availability of oil for fuel to drive aeroplanes and tanks and propel submarines and warships may well be the ultimate factor that will decide the outcome of the war.

There is no gainsaying the fact that the urgent need of oil is ever present in the minds of the enemy and that this necessity is largely behind the moves that Hitler is making on the European continent. It is true that the Germans know how to make synthetic liquid fuel and that they are doing so to an increasing degree because, at present at least, they are unable to secure nearly enough in the cheaper and more readily handled natural form, for the requirements of their war machine.

While it is true that the British and their friends control the great bulk of the world's supply of oil as it comes from the ground, it is imperative that sources of supply within the Empire be developed and conserved to the utmost degree with the thought in mind that every gallon that can be husbanded may play its part in the final and decisive battles of this conflict.

A Costly Process

A recent despatch from Washington referred to the success of experiments which have been undertaken by the U.S. federal bureau of mines to convert coal into gasoline and as a result it was stated that there is sufficient gasoline from this source to supply the nation's needs for 3,000 years, but from experience in Germany and England, it has been demonstrated that the hydrogenization process of extracting gasoline from coal is considerably greater than through the use of crude petroleum.

As is well known there are enormous supplies of coal in the ground in Western Canada, particularly in Alberta and Saskatchewan, from which undoubtedly huge quantities of gasoline could be extracted, at a price. But to secure motor fuel for either war purposes or commercial use from this source, would not only entail considerable delay in setting up plants and producing machinery to handle the process but would entail such expense as to constitute an economic waste, as long as crude petroleum can be drawn from beneath the earth's crust.

Because of this and because of the increasingly important role which gasoline must play in the drive to victory, as well as the possibility of some of the British sources of supply falling into Nazi hands before the tide turns, the importance of conservation of all Empire sources of gasoline, in Western Canada, or elsewhere can scarcely be stressed too much.

Stop The Waste

When this fact is realized it seems an anomaly that G. R. Cottrill, the Dominion oil controller should have to find it necessary to issue a public warning that waste of gas, which is used in the Turner Valley fields of Alberta to lift the crude, must be stopped. The warning was issued by the fact that the destruction of natural gas in the field by allowing it to burn in the air, is not only reducing the cheap power necessary to drive the crude oil to the surface, but, as he pointed out, "Not only is energy being wasted but the gas burned contains gasoline."

The reason which makes the stoppage of this waste highly necessary also makes it essential that existing fields of crude petroleum be developed to their maximum capacity and potential new fields explored.

Despite a rapid increase in production in the Turner Valley field of Alberta in the past few years, production is not sufficient to meet the consumptive demand of Western Canada. During 1940 Western Canada produced 8,184,862 barrels of crude oil and a recent survey showed that western provinces alone consumed 10,834,896 barrels, or nearly three million barrels more than were required for the home market, without taking into consideration potential war requirements farther afield.

This means, in effect, that last year American dollars had to be purchased to supply three million barrels of gasoline for Western Canadian consumption, entailing not only the loss of the rate of exchange as between the Canadian and American dollar but also dissipation of Canadian exchange which is needed in other directions for the war effort.

As long as this situation exists, with conservation of oil and Canadian exchange paramount requisites in our war economy, governmental control is not only advisable but it is imperative.

Discipline For Pilot

Acting upon a complaint of Navy Secretary Knox, the civil aeronautics board moved to discipline an airplane pilot who flew a New York Daily News photographer over the British battleship Malaya as it came into New York harbor for repairs recently.

There are about 25,000 parts in one modern bombing plane.

LOOK OUT FOR YOUR LIVER

Back it up right now and feel like a million!
Your liver is the largest organ in your body and most important to your health. It pours out bile to digest food, gets rid of waste, supplies new energy, allows proper nourishment to reach your blood. When your liver gets out of order food decomposes in your intestines. You become constipated, stomach and kidneys can't work properly. You feel "tired"—headache, backache, dizzy, dragged out all the time. For over 25 years thousands have won prompt relief from these troubles—with Fruita-Tives. So can you now. Try Fruita-Tives—you'll be simply delighted how quickly you'll feel like a new person, happy and well again. 25c. 50c. **FRUITA-TIVES** Canada's largest selling liver tablets.

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DAILY MAIL
CIGARETTES

Cheese Shipments

To Curtail Shipments Of Cheese From East To West

The Dairy Products Board has ordered that no shipments of cheese in quantities greater than 50 pounds must be made from Eastern to Western Canada. This order was published in the Canada Gazette, April 10, 1941, and reads as follows: "That no persons shall ship cheddar cheese (process cheese excluded) in quantities greater than 50 pounds from the provinces of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island to the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia, without authorization from the Dairy Products Board."

Applications for interprovincial cheese shipment must be made on forms which may be obtained from the Dairy Products Board, Ottawa, and must be submitted in triplicate for approval, unless otherwise arranged with the Board.

Quite Satisfactory

Prime Minister King told a questioner at his press conference recently that the government is satisfied that Canada is getting all the men needed for the armed forces under the system of voluntary enlistments.

People are funny. If they have a rich customer who never pays, they won't crack down on him for fear of losing his trade. 2410

Prayed For Enemies

Missionary Tells Of Service Led By China's Christian General

A Canadian missionary was invited to dine with the Generalissimo and Madame Chiang Kai-shek. After dinner, following an air raid; the guest was requested to remain and join them in their evening devotions. The Generalissimo read from the Scriptures and the three joined in prayer. This Canadian guest, writing of the Generalissimo's prayer, said, "I never expect to hear such a prayer again in all my life. He began with a simple expression of thanks for their personal safety. Then he added thanks for the courage of the nation under fire. Then he prayed for strength for the men in the field and along the firing lines. He prayed for strength for himself. But the most amazing thing in his prayer was a plea that God would help him and help China not to hate the Japanese people. He prayed for the Japanese Christians and all the suffering multitudes of Japan whose impoverishment was making the war on China possible. He prayed for the people who are bombed, for forgiveness for those who dropped the bombs."

SELECTED RECIPES

RICE KRISPIE DREAM BARS

4 cup butter
1/2 cup brown sugar
1 cup flour
2 eggs
1 cup brown sugar
1 teaspoon vanilla extract
1/4 teaspoon salt
1 cup shredded coconut
1 cup Kellogg's rice krispies
1 cup chopped nut meats
Cream butter and sugar thoroughly. Add flour and blend well with fork or dough blender. Press mixture evenly and firmly into bottom of shallow baking pan. Bake in moderate oven (350 degrees F.) about 15 minutes or until decidedly browned. Beat eggs well, add sugar gradually and continue beating until mixture is light and fluffy. Add remaining ingredients and mix well. Drop by the spoonful on top of previously baked crust and spread evenly. Bake in moderate oven (350 degrees F.) about 25 minutes. Cut into squares while still warm.
Yield: 40 bars (9 x 13-inch pan).

SPANISH EGGS

1 1/2 cups cooked or canned tomatoes
1 tablespoon minced onion
3 tablespoons butter
2 tablespoons flour
Salt and pepper
6 eggs, poached
Crisp cooked bacon
6 Holland husks
Sieve tomatoes, saute onion in butter until yellow. Stir in flour, then add tomatoes stirring until thickened. Season to taste. Simmer 15 minutes longer. Place an egg on each Holland husk (heated). Cover with tomato sauce and garnish with strip or crisp cooked bacon.

Industry Disappearing

In Canada, as in the United States, horsehoesing is gradually disappearing as a rural industry. National registration figures just released at Ottawa show that 12,498 men claimed blacksmithing as their occupation. This was one of the very few trades in which not a single woman was registered.

The time required to see and realize a danger signal and begin to press on the automobile brake is about one-fifth of a second.

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Working Underground

Resistance To Nazis In Occupied Countries Is Rapidly Growing

Reports of unrest in Rumania give point to stories of widespread dissatisfaction with the Nazi conquerors in the occupied countries of Europe, a dissatisfaction which, although forced to work underground at present, is an ever-present and growing threat to the German hegemony over Europe.

Current History, reporting that travellers returning to the United States from the war zone bring confirmation of persistent rumors of this underground warfare against the Nazis, says that, "in Norway and Holland especially, active resistance to the New Order is causing the Gestapo concern."

"In the 18th century," continues Current History, "when the Spaniards overran the Low Countries, the stubborn Netherlands formed a secret society named the Beggars to make life unendurable for their new masters. Last summer, the society of The Beggars—for 400 years extinct—was revived by daring students from the Universities of Delft and Leiden. The tactics of the 20th century Beggars were those of modern underground warfare: sabotage, secret propaganda broadcasts, signalling the position of military objectives to enemy (British) planes, the assisting British agents. Their more colorful activities ranged from sniping from housetops and knifings in the dark to the poisoning of food and drink."

"Recently the Germans arrested 37 members of The Beggars, sent 18 before the firing squad and sentenced 19 to long prison terms, hoping thus to have smashed the society. But sabotage and signalling, knifings and poisonings continued. The mysterious leader of The Beggars, a certain 'Colonel Verdun', rumored to be a 43-year-old ex-army officer, remained at large and active."

"In Norway resistance to the Nazi conquerors and their Norwegian traitor friends is far more widespread. Sabotage is common. Daily demonstrations are organized against the regime of the Norwegian Nazi, Major Quisling, and his aides have frequently been attacked and beaten in out-of-the-way streets. Broadcasts from London and the United States have a considerable following in Norway, in spite of the harsh prison sentence that awaits anyone found guilty of listening."

Canadian Red Cross

Gives Immediate Assistance To Victims Of London's Worst Air Raid

Stunned victims of London's worst air raid received large quantities of food, clothing and blankets from the Canadian Red Cross immediately after the Nazi blitz ceased. The society's overseas commissioner, C. A. Scott, called Canadian headquarters: "One thousand civilians made homeless in a single borough found Canadian supplies ready for them as they emerged shocked and terrified from shelters and discovered the smoking ruins of their homes."

In the early hours of the morning officials called on the Canadian Red Cross for immediate assistance. Major Scott said in his cable, and within ten minutes clothing for men, women and children plus 1,500 blankets, were loaded into lorries and speeded into the disaster areas. The food included soups, stews, hash, cheese and jam. All other London boroughs affected by the raid also received Canadian assistance, the commissioner revealed.

"Thousands of parcels of food and clothing had been previously packed in preparation of such a blitz," he cabled.

Elsewhere in England affected areas speedily received supplies from the Canadian society and some eight thousand garments were distributed through the Women's Voluntary Services to suffering victims, Major Scott declared.

Bears Famous Name

At a telephone switchboard in London stands Voltaire Pamela Irving of the Auxiliary Territorial Services. One of the many girls in khaki to bear a distinguished name, she joined up at the outbreak of war. And in case there is any doubt as to who made that name famous, it need only be said that she is the great-granddaughter of the actor, Sir Henry Irving.

Walking helps to keep down the waist-line but it takes energy, and the average individual prefers to use gasoline if available.

"So Fred has given up smoking?"
"Yes. On the advice of his doctor, at the request of his wife, and by command of his mother-in-law."

Heating expert contends that our apartments are too warm. Tear this up before the janitor sees it.

BUY WITH YOUR EYES OPEN



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Combines All These Advantages:

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No need to ever worry about walls and ceilings cracking—warping or sagging—when you build them with Gyproc Wallboard. Guard against expensive repairs by demanding GYPROC when you build or remodel.

Note: Ordinary wallboards cannot guarantee this permanence.

2. Double Fire Protection with GYPROC

GYPROC Fireproof WALLBOARD is made from rock and will not burn. Equally important, GYPROC is a protective shield that prevents any ordinary fire from spreading. It pays to demand the double safety of Gyproc for your home.

Note: Many types of wallboard are not fireproof.

3. Unlimited Choice in Decoration, with GYPROC

Only GYPROC WALLBOARD has the four bevelled edges, which permit joints to be filled flush, giving you perfectly smooth walls and ceilings. That's why only with GYPROC WALLBOARD can you have any style of decoration you want.

Note: Flush, seamless walls and ceilings cannot be obtained with ordinary wallboards, so that your choice of decorative treatment is limited.

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Has Important Job

Designer Of Queen Elizabeth's Dresses Oves Success To Sister

This story was written for The Canadian Press by Alison Settle. One of the most sensational rises in the history of fashion is that of Norman Hartnell, the young man who dresses Britain's Queen.

Whatever the horrifying sights which she must see, the destruction and bitter sorrow and ruined lives which German bombs leave in their wake, Queen Elizabeth of England is always beautifully dressed, in the same pale colors and elegant lines which marked her good taste on the royal tour of Canada and the United States in 1939.

The people delight to see her arriving the day after some dreadful bombing. Her sympathetic words and looks combined with the elegance of her dress gives them new life. They would hate it if she took to practical clothes and dark colors.

And the young man who has to design clothes which will both cheer the spirits of the people when they see them and yet never appear overdressed or unsuitable is Mr. Hartnell. Never was a harder task given to a dress designer. And how did it happen that this unassuming young man was chosen to dress the Queen?

Here is part of his story in his own words: "Perhaps it was that I had a certain amount of illness when I was a child. I used to lie and design better wallpapers than those I had to look at. At school I drew the famous actresses of the day and the dresses I thought they ought to wear. I went to an English public school famous for its rugby football players, and the housemaster wrote sarcastically on my report one term: 'This young man should take to designing ladies' costumes.'"

At Cambridge University he designed clothes for dramatic societies. One woman critic wrote "nothing could be more fitting than this young man should start a season of fashion in Mayfair." He sacrificed a University career to take a designer-sketcher job. That Christmas Eve he was sacked.

Hartnell's 'teen-age sister refused to let him be beaten. They had £200 (\$800) left by an aunt. They began with the kitchen table, their old nurse and a sewing woman of their mother's. They ended by crossing the street into the palatial premises where princesses now are dressed and the wardrobe of the Queen—and the Queen Mother at times—is designed.

Of how he came to be the Queen's dressmaker Mr. Hartnell will never talk. But he has been heard to say that in nothing has Her Majesty looked so lovely as in the plain black dress she wore when first in mourning for her father-in-law, George V.

Trail Being Used Again

Tractor Trains Carry Equipment Over Road Used in 1898

The famous trail of '98 worn by people who took part in the Yukon gold rush is being used again—by men freighting construction equipment to complete a modern air highway between Edmonton and Alaska.

Two tractor trains carrying hundreds of tons of equipment to be used in construction of an airport have completed most of the 300-mile trek from the end of steel at Dawson Creek, 350 air miles northwest of Edmonton.

Construction crews will build an airport which can be used through out the year and by all types of planes—even the largest bombers.

The airfields are being developed on recommendation of the permanent Canada-United States joint defence board.

The tractor trains being hustled over Canada's frontier in northeastern British Columbia each carry about 50 tons of freight. They consist of a series of sleighs with seven-foot runners and 10-foot bunks hauled by caterpillar tractors. Each tractor is capable of pulling six or seven loaded sleighs on normal roads and must reach their destination before the spring break-up.

Warm weather would leave them stranded and practically useless, as it would be nearly impossible to move the tractors over the rough terrain without a snow road.

Glad To Lose It

A thief who cut his way into an automobile at Atlanta, Georgia, dropped his loot in a hurry. Two boxes he removed from the car were found on the pavement near by. One contained a four-foot alligator, the other 12 live snakes.

Shipments of products from China to the United States increased nearly 70 per cent. in the last year.

Beating The Bombers

How Workers In Britain Carry On In Spite Of Difficulties

One reads with some awe and a good deal of dismay that Nazi bombers have been over some British city or an industrial area and dropped hundreds of high explosive and incendiary bombs, and one may be excused for entertaining some doubt as to the truth of the oft-repeated statement that "surprisingly little damage" was done. Neutral observers, however, mostly American correspondents, have vouched for the accuracy of the British claims. Sandbag protection, roof-spotting and anti-incendiary bomb squads have rendered invaluable service, and the repair crews which immediately get to work soon clear away debris, make repairs and get plants into order again. A striking instance of this is related by the head of a great industrial firm which has spent over \$1,500,000 on shelters and other devices at their various branches, which at the time he wrote, had experienced 85 attacks, but only two lives had been lost. He tells of one factory where more than 2,000 incendiaries had been dropped within the grounds, besides a number of high explosives. Some of the buildings were destroyed, but the entire staff remained out in the open during incendiaries, and they did such magnificent work that by the forenoon of the following day, every department was back in service, although some were operating with only flimsy covering.

In another case, a 500-pound bomb fell at midnight in the middle of a factory doing great damage and killing many men. The manager states that he never saw such looks of cold fury on the faces of the other workers, and before dawn 500 volunteers were tearing away at the wreckage. By evening, the builders had begun the job of reconstruction.

Incidentally, expressing confidence in the outcome, he adds this striking paragraph to his letter:

"People as a whole are very cheerful. The war has united the nation more closely than ever before, and brought people of all sorts closer together in their efforts for the common cause. It has also, I think, and this may be very good for all of us—restored to a proper perspective the relation between material and spiritual values. People are realizing that this world's goods, of what the scales against the future freedom of body and mind for which we are fighting and that every material sacrifice that helps toward final victory must be cheerfully made."—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

The Lesson Of History

No Nation Can Be Saved Unless It Saves Itself

A Frenchman is a fool if he does not pray for a British victory. France will never again believe in itself, enough to restore itself, if in the end the French do not participate in a British victory. This is what the Greeks and the Norwegians and the Poles and the Czechs and the Dutch and the Belgians have seen. They have seen that to submit is not to be saved but to be systematically destroyed.

They have seen also, and this will in the end prove to be even more important, that no nation can be saved by others unless it also saves itself. They are the realists and they know the lessons of history and the real nature of man when they insist that the soul of a nation is greater than its territory, and that to live and to fight, in freedom, though in exile, is to preserve their nations most truly, most enduringly, most surely.—Walter Lippmann.

Famous Boat Race

War Will Prevent Usual Contest Between Cambridge And Oxford

The fact that the Oxford and Cambridge boat race will not be rowed this month as usual has not prevented many Englishmen writing to the newspapers about it. Indeed, it would seem as though a spontaneous effort were being made over there to keep the famous race alive in thought until happier days return.

This renowned contest long ago earned the right to be regarded as a national institution. The first race took place in 1829, and it at once caught on. Even in those pre-railway days a crowd of 20,000 people were supposed to have watched it. Perhaps the rumor that a bet of five hundred pounds had been laid may have had something to do with it. In 1856 it became an annual feature. Its continuity was interrupted during the Great War, in which struggle 42 rowing bluffs laid down their lives—exactly one-half being Oxford men and half Cambridge.—Winnipeg Tribune.

HER MAJESTY INSPECTS A CAMOUFLAGED GUN POSITION



Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth shown leaving a well camouflaged gun position at the Polish troop encampment somewhere in England, after a tour of inspection. General Sikorski, leader of the Free Polish forces, is shown lifting camouflaged netting to permit the Queen to pass through the lines of sandbags.

The Nazi Youth

Trained From Infancy In The Ideology Of Hitlerism

Mr. H. Ramsbotham, President of the Board of Education, speaking at the annual meeting of the Surrey National Union of Teachers at Surbiton, said that all German teachers had to swear the following oath:

Adolf Hitler, we swear that we will train the youth of Germany that they grow up in your ideology, for your aims and purposes, and in the direction set by your will. This is pledged to you by the whole German system of education, from the primary school through to the university.

"Could a more effective contrast be found than that oath and the complete freedom which teachers in this country enjoy?" asked Mr. Ramsbotham. "There is the poison that has spread throughout the life of the German people through the prostitution of its educational system, from infancy to manhood; the twisting and warping of the inborn gift of free-will and turning the children into living sacrifices according to the whim and wickedness of one man. That method is not for us; it never has been and never will be."—Manchester Guardian.

Giant Bananas

Bananas 12 inches long, more than five inches in circumference and eight ounces in weight, are being grown at Billinudgel, Mulumbimby, Australia, as a result of the wonderful season. In addition the flavor is excellent.

If a man's children turn out half as bad as he was at their age he thinks the world is growing worse.

The sheep population of the world is 500,000,000, or one-fourth as great as the human population.

Wanted Good Material

No Nazi Soldiers In Denmark Bought British Made Fabrics

Possibly nothing is more revealing as to the actual conditions in Germany than the conduct of the German soldiers in the Nazi army of occupation in Denmark, especially in the period just after their seizure of that country.

The German soldiers had, from a Danish point of view, a fair amount of spending money. But the noteworthy thing is the manner in which they used it. Here is how one Dane who left the country shortly after the occupation wrote of it:

"It is interesting to note that the very first thing the Germans cleaned up in every shop and store throughout the country were British-made fabrics and clothes. No, they would have none of that 'Made in Germany' stuff—but they were willing to pay high for every scrap of cloth imported from Britain."

Uneasiness In Japan

Some Government Members Dislike Matsukata's Visit To Europe

The B.B.C. quoted reports reaching London that "uneasiness in certain quarters in Japan" is aroused by Japanese Foreign Minister Yosuke Matsukata's visit to the Axis. "It is believed a considerable number of members of the Japanese Parliament are warning their colleagues against the danger of collaborating too closely with Berlin," the B.B.C. said. The B.B.C. quoted the reports as saying "It is by no means clear that the visit was universally supported by authoritative Japanese quarters."

A typewritten letter can be easily traced to its source, as no two machines, even when brand-new or of the same make and model, ever write exactly alike.

Grateful For Donations

Bombed People Of London Express Appreciation Of Aid From Canada

The gratitude of humble people who lost everything in the bombing of London was expressed to the people of Canada by Sir George Willinson, lord mayor of London, for generous donations of money and clothing and letters of encouragement "which have come from even the remotest sections of the Dominion."

At an informal luncheon tendered by the lord mayor to Canadian newspapermen, Sir George said: "I realize that what the Canadians are doing for us is only a minor part of the great contribution they are making in the war effort, but on behalf of those who have lost everything I want to thank your generous folks for all they have done and are doing. "People in all parts of our dominions responded to our urgent call and Canada especially has played a tremendous part in helping succor our needy."

"Not only are they sending money and clothing but they are writing an amazing number of letters of sympathy and encouragement which I can say are deeply appreciated. We know from their words and actions that they are with us and that is a great comfort in these times of hardship and pain."

Pedestrian Was Felled

Charles Currier, Klamath Falls, Oregon, stepped in front of an automobile and was knocked down. Later he offered to pay for the windshield which was smashed by the impact.

The British, who have abstained from bombing Rome, warn the Italians not to bomb Athens—or else. Respect for the treasures of antiquity thus may be made to work two ways.

BRITISH HIGH COMMISSIONER TO CANADA INSPECTS CANADIANS



The Rt. Hon. Malcolm MacDonald, left centre, with Lieut.-Gen. McNaughton, Canadian Corps commander, and the Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner, watching Canadians in training. This was Mr. MacDonald's last visit to the Canadian troops before his departure to Canada where he is to become high commissioner for the U.K.

Growing Feed Grain

The Comparative Yield Of Wheat, Oats And Barley In Southwestern Saskatchewan

Most farms in the drier areas of western Canada require some feed grain. Information on the grain yields of wheat, oats and barley in such areas may, therefore, be of interest. The relative yields of these crops have been compared in 1939 and 1940 on a large number of sub-stations scattered throughout southwestern Saskatchewan. In each test the crops were sown on the same day early in the season on summer-fallow land. Several of the more successful varieties of each crop were grown in each test and the yields averaged. Growing conditions at the stations varied from very good to very poor, so that a good cross section of general growing conditions was obtained, says A. W. Platt, Dominion Experimental Station, Swift Current, Sask.

The average yield of wheat in pounds per acre was practically the same as that of oats. When conditions were good, the oats tended to out-yield the wheat; when they were poor, the wheat tended to out-yield the oats. Barley yielded almost 25 per cent. more than either oats or wheat. The differences between barley and the other crops tended to be greater under poor growing conditions and less under good. In these yields no allowance was made for the fact that barley and oats have hulls on the grain, whereas wheat has not. When the yield of hull was omitted and only yield of kernel considered, it was found that the wheat out-yielded the oats by about 25 per cent. On a similar basis the yield of barley was ten per cent. higher than that of wheat and 35 per cent. higher than that of oats.

In addition to its higher yield, barley was the earliest maturing, and competed best with weeds. It was more susceptible to grasshopper injury than wheat, but much less susceptible to sawfly damage. However, during the ripening period it was more likely to be damaged by storms than either wheat or oats. The results suggest that, insofar as production is concerned, barley is one of the best feed grain crops that can be grown in the drier areas.

Talk About Foreign Names

Many Places In Canada Have Same Just As Puzzling

The Guelph Mercury says: Ontario can never equal the names appearing daily in the war despatches, telling of the military movements in Africa and Albania. There are a few names, however, that do not slide as smoothly around the tongue as a dose of castor oil. The townships seem to have a monopoly on the mouthful names.

Here are a few that might be just as puzzling to people of the African desert or Albania as Mogadiscio or Kamshisht is to a Canadian:

Onondaga, Brant County, Alabama, Bruce, Garrafrus, Wellington, Melancthon, Dufferin, Ojibwa, Essex, Esquimaux, Hailton, Nassagawey, Hailton, Elzevir, Tyndridge, Hastings, Cataragui, Frontenac, Wawanosh, Huron, Assiniboia, Telkumamah, Manitoulin, Matchedash, Nottawaseg, Tossarontic, Stormont, Fallopouge, Thunder Bay.

The other provinces could add to the list. British Columbia could furnish a good list with its Chilliwack, Saanich, Cowichan, Ymir or Similkameen. It's probably all in getting used to the names. No doubt the native Albanian can emit his Kamshisht just as easily as a resident of Ontario can say Toronto.

Exile Rescued

Englishman On Lofoten Islands Was Manager Of British Company

An Englishman, William Hawes, was rescued in the Lofoten Islands raid. He had been there a year as manager of the cod-liver oil factory of a British company.

When a Norwegian had told Hawes "The English are here," he said: "They're probably Germans in British uniform."

But then a soldier said: "Don't know, lad, where Mr. Hawes lives?" and the exile knew he was wrong.

When you hear a married man say he hasn't made up his mind about a thing, he means that he hasn't asked his wife about it.

It is difficult to settle a case in court while the litigants have any money.

The best of all grain crops is a source of oil is corn.

Minutes of Monthly Meeting M.D. Battle River No. 423

The council of the Municipal District of Battle River No. 423 met in the office of the Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal District at Irma, Alberta on Thursday, May 8th, 1941. Present: R. D. Smallwood in the chair, full council present as follows: Deputy Reeve Killy, Councillors Blakley, Archibald, Steele and Collette.

Minutes of April 10th meeting read. Moved by Mr. Steele—that the minutes of April 10th be accepted as read. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Archibald—that relief be issued to J. D. Nachman for \$10.00 until June 1941, and charge the Provincial Government. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collette—that relief be issued to Mrs. J. Bergquist for \$10 until June 12th, 1941. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collette—that further relief expenditure for three bushels of seed potatoes and One dollar worth of garden seeds for Mrs. J. Bergquist be authorized. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that relief be issued to Geo. McLean for \$20.00 until June 12th, 1941. Carried.

Moved that Mr. Smallwood—that the Secretary write the Bureau of Public Welfare in reply to their letter of April 23rd, file 30820 Geo. McLean, that in the opinion of the Council Mr. McLean will not be self supporting until the 1941 crop is taken off, if then, or the Provincial Government extend some work for him to do in the matter of Highway repair work in this district. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that relief be extended to Mrs. A. Kneily for \$6.00 until June 12th, 1941 and charge the Provincial Government. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Killy that relief be extended to F. Cartier for \$12.00 until June 12th, 1941. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Killy that the time for receiving applications for leasing Municipal Lands and applications for purchasing Municipal lands which has been appraised for sale purposes be set at 2 p.m. of each council meeting, and that a list of such lands be advertised in each issue of the Irma Times until disposed of. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collette that the procedure in dealing with applications for purchase of Municipal Lands be done in a Public Sale manner. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that all parties leasing Municipal Lands which come under the 1941 Wheat Reduction Regulations be notified that they must complete the Preliminary Application forms by May 1st, 1941. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that the report of Mr. Killy and the Secretary re leasing the W/2 24-44-7-4 be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Steele that the report of Mr. Killy re leasing the E/4 26-45-7-4 be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that the Lease agreement between O. Halveron and the Municipal District of Battle River No. 423 dated Jan. 12th, 1939 re NE 30-45-9-4 be assigned to the new owner Miss H. C. McDowell under the provisions of the Tax Recovery Act.

provisions of the Tax Recovery Act.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the application of H. Herbert for the leasing of the N/4 of the NE 28 and the NW 28-45-9-4 for one year for one third share of crop delivered at the elevator clear and with reference to Motion No. 141 of April 10th, 1941 be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the action of the committee regarding the leasing W/4 24-44-7-4 to E. Mills for 1 year for the amount of the Current taxes be approved. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that the action of the Committee regarding the leasing of the E/4 26-45-7-4 to H. A. Ruxton for one year for one third share of crop delivered at the elevator clear be approved. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Steele that the lease agreement with W. J. Fraser dated June 8th, 1939 of the S/4 of NW 28 and the SW 28-45-8-4 be cancelled at the request of Mr. Fraser. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smallwood that G. B. Sawyer be allowed \$3.00 per acre for 1.85 acres taken in the NW 24-45-9-4, with Plan 1706 M.D. and the sum of \$4.00 compensation for expropriation. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Killy that the report of Mr. Collette and Mr. Steele regarding fenced road allowances be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that the letter from the Wainwright and district board of trade be taken from the table. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collette that the secretary notify the Wainwright and district board of trade that the council cannot see their way clear to make any grant towards the road from Wainwright town to the Wainwright cemetery this year this being in reply to their letter of April 3, 1941. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smallwood that a notice be placed in the Irma Times that all owners of domestic animals running on road allowances in divisions 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6 will be held responsible for any damage incurred by such animals. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that Messrs. Askin and Peterson be appointed weed inspectors for 1941, under the same pay and area as in 1940. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that the municipal district purchase Bulls Eye gasoliner poison from W. N. Frickleton under the same price as in 1940, and the secretary retail same as provided for in 1940 instructions. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smallwood that the application of Mrs. J. McKay for mother's allowance be received and that an allowance of \$36 per month be recommended to the provincial government for this lady. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that as it has been brought to the attention of the council that parties have been skinning gophers on the head stones in the Irma cemetery, that a notice be placed in the Irma Times that any person found guilty of defacing any property in the Irma cemetery that they will be dealt with to the full extent of the law. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collette that the letter from the secretary of the Irma branch of the Women's Institute regarding the hiring of someone to clean up the Irma cemetery instead of holding a clean-up day be received and that the cemetery committee be given power to act in this regard. Carried.

Under the provisions of the Assessment Act, section 37. The court of revision for hearing complaints under the said section was declared open.

Moved by Mr. Killy that the assessment on the SW 14-45-7-4 be reduced to \$1850, a reduction of \$350. Carried.

Complaint of H. A. Ruxton as to the assessment of the SW 14-45-7-4 at \$1700 presented.

Moved by Mr. Killy that the assessment on the SW 17-45-7-4 be reduced to \$1850, a reduction of \$350. Carried.

Complaint of H. Kennedy as to the assessment of the NE 30-46-9-4 at \$1250 presented, Mr. H. Kennedy appearing.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the assessment on the NE 30-46-9 be reduced to \$900, a reduction of \$350. Carried.

Complaint of Mr. P. M. King as to the assessment on the NW 18-45-8-700, NE 18-45-8-7000, SE 18-45-8-7000 presented.

Motion carried.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the statement of receipts and expenditures for month ending April 30th, 1941, be accepted and incorporated in the minutes. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the application for tax consolidation SE 30-46-9-4 be approved. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the application for tax consolidation SE 18-46-9-4 be approved. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smallwood that the

\$1000, SW 18-45-7-71000, present ed. Mrs. P. M. King appearing.

Moved by Mr. Killy that the assessment on the NW 18-45-8 be reduced to \$500 a reduction of \$500. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smallwood that the complaint on the assessment of the SE 18-45-7 be disallowed. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that the complaint on the assessment of the SE 18-45-7 be disallowed. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Killy that the assessment on the SW 18-45-7-4 be reduced to \$1050, being a reduction of \$100. Messrs. Smallwood, Archibald and Blakley excused from voting for reasons not sufficient knowledge of this land. Motion No. 205 put and declared lost in the negative.

No more complaints on the table, court of revision declared closed.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the following shall be the schedule for 1941 public works rate of pay, based on an eight hour day:

Single man 2.50 per day
Fill man 2.75 per day
Grader man 4.00 per day
Road foreman 5.00 per day
Man and 2 horse team 4.00 per day
Man and 2 horse team with gravel box 4.50 per day
Man and 4 horse team 6.00 per day
Engine any rating 2.00 per hr.
Maintaining 75c per road mile.

Motion carried.

Moved by Mr. Killy that division 1 be given the power to contract road building by piece work payable out of his public works allocation. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blakley that sealed tenders will be received at the office of the secretary-treasurer not later than 5:30 p.m. Tuesday, May 20, 1941, for gravelling 3 miles of road south from the NW 7-45-8-4. Information regarding this work and gravel pit location may be had from councillor Archibald. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that sealed tenders will be received at the office of the secretary-treasurer not later than 5:30 p.m. Tuesday, May 20th, 1941, for gravelling 2 miles of road north from SE 28-45-9-4. Information regarding this work and gravel pit location may be had from councillor Archibald. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collette that the secretary present to the council at June meeting the amount standing to the credit of Jas. McIlroy (deceased) account. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Collette that the accounts of Dr. Greenberg re Mr. Bethge's family be tabled until June meeting and that the reeve and secretary see Mr. Bethge in this matter. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Killy that the secretary forward to the minister of public works an account for \$14.80 for repairing municipal road north of highway in section 19-45-7-4 for payment on account of highway No. 14 construction damage the natural water course causing washout on said municipal road. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Killy that the following accounts be passed and paid:

Dept of Municipal Affairs
coll April soc ser 127.65
coll April wild land 100.00
Alberta Hail Board coll April 79.50
Irma SD 2435 coll April 11.97
Man act comm retid 6.83
P. W. Clark Co. supplies 16.75
Alta Mun Stationers supplies 23.94
Irma Times papers April 25.00
Chas. Wilbraham sal 118.94
Receiver General of Canada
N.D.T. Wilbraham 1.06
Petty cash 23.63
Dr. Greenberg re J. G. McKay 15.00
Prov. Treas. M.A. March 36.75
Prov. Treas. child welfare 61.00
F. E. McLeod re J. G. McKay
funeral 40.00
Geo. Maddier, Cartier rent Apr 3.00
W. Adams, Cartier rel Apr 12.00
L. C. Torg, Abernathy rent Apr 10.00
J. C. McFarland Co 10.00
Irma Trading Co 20.00
Geo. Maddier labor 14.20
D. A. Glasgow labor div. 3 17.00
I. Archibald labor div 4 2.50
Concrete Products and Supplies
Div. 2 drag 122.18
Div. 6 drag 122.66
P. Giddors labor div 6 2.50
G. B. Golding labor div 6 3.25
Richardson Rd Mch Co div 6 17.00
W. Gray labor div 6 11.80
Drag sheets
3a 11.53
3b 11.25
3c 4.00

Motion carried.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the statement of receipts and expenditures for month ending April 30th, 1941, be accepted and incorporated in the minutes. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the application for tax consolidation SE 30-46-9-4 be approved. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Archibald that the application for tax consolidation SE 18-46-9-4 be approved. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smallwood that the

LOCALS

Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Sather's baby boy is reported quite ill in the Viking hospital.

The Sunday school session and church service at the United Church on Mothers' Day were well attended. An excellent program was provided by the Sunday school for the occasion and the church was beautifully decorated with flowers.

Since May 24th comes on a Saturday this year there will be long weekend. Lay in your stock of groceries, etc., before 6 o'clock on Friday evening.

The long dry spell was broken on Wednesday morning when we received a light rain.

The Mannville high school boys played a return game of baseball at Irma last Tuesday evening. The Irma boys won 12-11, reversing the tables on the Mannville boys when Irma lost to them in a game last Friday evening.

Public and high school pupils are getting ready for the Mothers' and track meet to be held in Wainwright on May 30th.

Mr. McFarland has just completed remodeling his store by taking out the middle partition and adding new shelves and display tables. He has made it into a very fine looking store.

The awning has been removed from the front of the building and venetian blinds installed instead, which gives the store a very fine appearance from the street.

Mr. Frickleton has also added venetian blinds to his new drug store, which give a building a much neater appearance than is the case with an outside awning.

Now that the Wednesday half holidays are here again it will be appreciated if those contributing news or advertising to the Times will turn in their items by 12 o'clock noon on Wednesdays.

The next regular meeting of the Alma Mater and Roseberry Ladies' Aid will be held at the manse on May 23rd, at 2 p.m. This meeting will be followed by a tea and sale of home cooking and farm produce. Drop in for a cup of tea and a visit with your friends.

Sharon Luther League will hold a special Luther League Day program on Sunday evening, May 18, at 8 p.m. Special speakers have been arranged for, one of which may be Rev. Vinge of Ryley. Lunch will be served.

The regular meeting of the Irma Ladies' Aid was held at the home of Mrs. Steeds with 24 ladies present. Plans were completed for the Mothers' Day tea. The date for the annual garden party was decided for June 18th to be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Smallwood. The next regular meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Marten Enger.

Anyone interested in a permanent from Miss Helen Samenuk of Grande Prairie, phone or see Mrs. E. W. Carter before May 24th.

Mrs. F. Fletcher visited with her parents in the city Thursday and Friday of last week.

Red Cross Notes

A special appeal has come for all kinds of wool comforts and hospital supplies, as a portion of our supplies overseas has been destroyed.

Anyone having sewing out such as pyjamas, sheets and wool quilts are asked to turn them in as quickly as possible so that a box may be packed for shipping.

The Red Cross sewers met at the home of Mrs. Reeds Tuesday and completed one wool comforter, besides sewing on pyjamas. Next Tuesday the sewing will be held at Mrs. E. W. Carter's. All ladies who feel an urge to help are most cordially invited.

Your attention is asked to take special notice of the paragraph in Pte. Ralph Thorsen's letter in this issue dealing with the question of the Canadian Red Cross overseas, for we feel this is first hand information.

Are we really doing all we can to help this worthy cause? Would you be interested in helping pack a box for all Irma boys serving overseas, to be sent once a month? If so, come and lend a hand. We welcome all kinds of help and suggestions.

Wire and iron bed springs that become rusty should be given a coat of paint.

Mirrors should never be hung where the sun shines directly on them for any length of time.

application for tax consolidation NW 23-44-9-4 be approved. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Killy that council adjourn. Carried.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Further to the public notice in this issue of the Irma Times regarding the wheat reduction regulations, 1941, the Municipal Office will appreciate the efforts of farm operators intending to make application, to do so as early as possible and avoid the last day rush.

The regulations are quite definite that no applications will be considered after Saturday, May 18th, 1941.

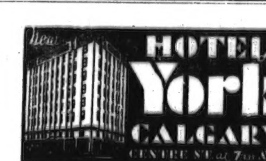
Chas. Wilbraham,
Secretary-Treasurer.

9-16-23-30

Irma Times

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E. W. CARTER, Local Editor.

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MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF BATTLE RIVER, No. 423 PUBLIC NOTICE

Preliminary application forms under the Wheat Acreage Reduction Regulations 1941 are now available. Farm operators in this Municipal District are requested to make application with the Secretary-Treasurer not later than MAY 31st, 1941.

The following are essential:
Description of land, Acres in crop 1939, Crop seeded in 1940, New breaking (if any) in 1940 and crop planned in 1941, wheat, course grains, grasses and summerfallow.

For the benefit of the farmers in this district the municipal office will be open each evening from 7:30 p.m. to 10 p.m. during the month of May, excepting Thursdays and Sundays of each week.

Further information as to the regulations may be obtained at the municipal office.

CHAS. WILBRAHAM,
Secretary-Treasurer.

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